

## TEN THINGS YOU NEED TO KNOW ABOUT CALIFORNIA RESIDENCY FOR TUITION PURPOSES

- 1. California residency for tuition purposes eligibility criteria are established by State Law and the California Code of Regulations. California State University implements these Laws and Regulations.
- 2. California State University **cannot** alter or waive the eligibility criteria for **any** reason.
- 3. Under California law, if you have moved to California primarily to attend a California institution of higher learning, then you **are not eligible** for in-state tuition.
- 4. Living in California for 12 months **is not** an automatic qualification for in-state tuition.
- 5. You **must** prove through **official and/or legal documents** that you have moved to California permanently and are not merely living in California temporarily while you attend California State University, however long your course of study may take.
- 6. Financial hardship **cannot** be considered in evaluating California residency for tuition purposes eligibility.
- 7. Legal ties that you maintain in another state or country (e.g., state tax liability, a driver's license, voter's registration, etc.) will disqualify you from residency reclassification, regardless of your reason(s) for maintaining these ties.
- 8. Evidence that you are receiving out-of-state financial support in any way, either directly (e.g. tuition payments, parent PLUS loans, etc.) or indirectly (e.g., parent-purchased or co-purchased residences, parent-controlled financial portfolios), will disqualify you from California residency for-tuition-purposes.
- 9. Despite the length of time you attend California State University or live in California, you **might not** qualify for California residency for-tuition-purposes.
- 10. Residency reclassification applications and all supporting documentation must be submitted during the term in which reclassification is requested.
- 11. The term "California resident" for tuition purposes may differ from other definitions of California residency. A person who has a California driver's license/vehicle registration or who is a California resident for tax, voting, or welfare purposes may have established legal residence in the state but might not necessarily be considered a resident for tuition purposes.