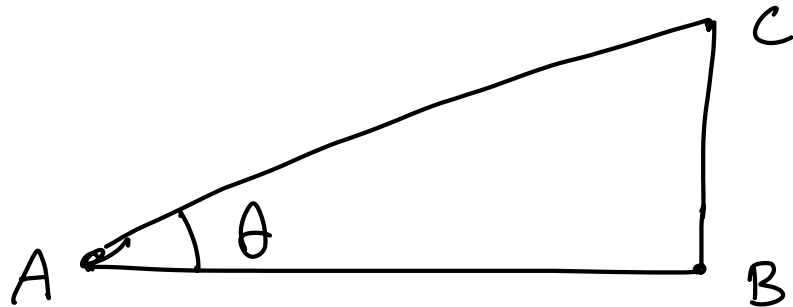


Trigonometry

position analysis

Review



$$\cos \theta = \frac{AB}{AC}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{BC}{AC}$$

$$AC^2 = AB^2 + BC^2$$

$$AB = AC \cos \theta$$

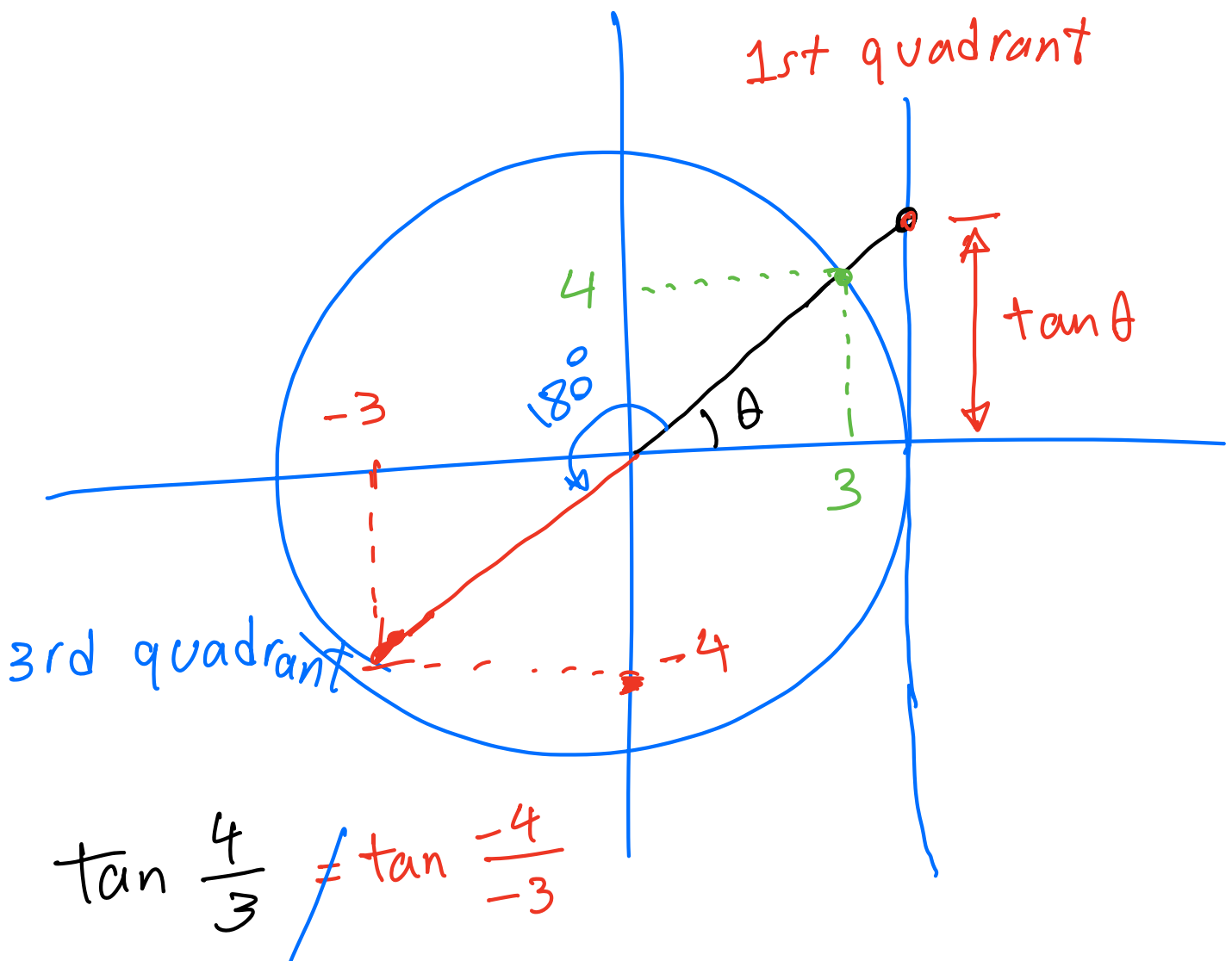
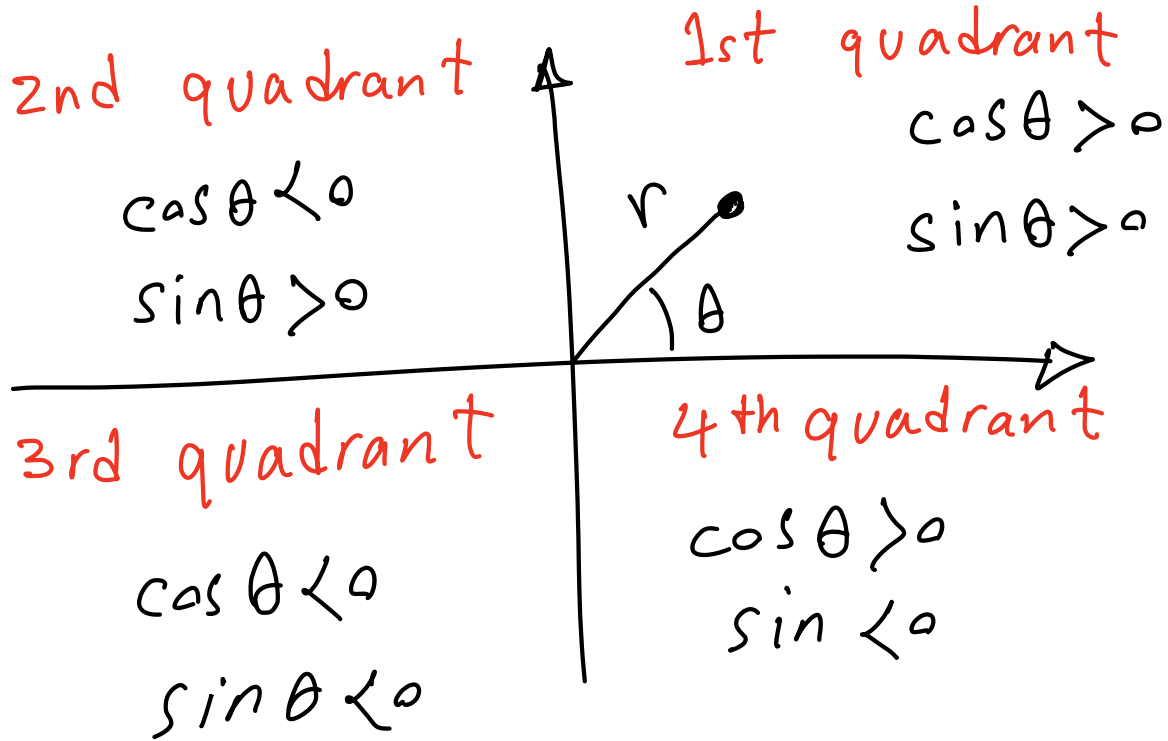
$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{BC}{AB}$$

$$BC = AC \sin \theta$$

$$AC^2 = (AC \cos \theta)^2 + (AC \sin \theta)^2$$

$$\cancel{AC}^2 = \cancel{AC}^2 \cos^2 \theta + \cancel{AC}^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$1 = \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta$$



Common values : $\sin(0) = 0$ $\cos(0) = 1$

$$\sin(30^\circ) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\cos(60^\circ) = \frac{1}{2}$$

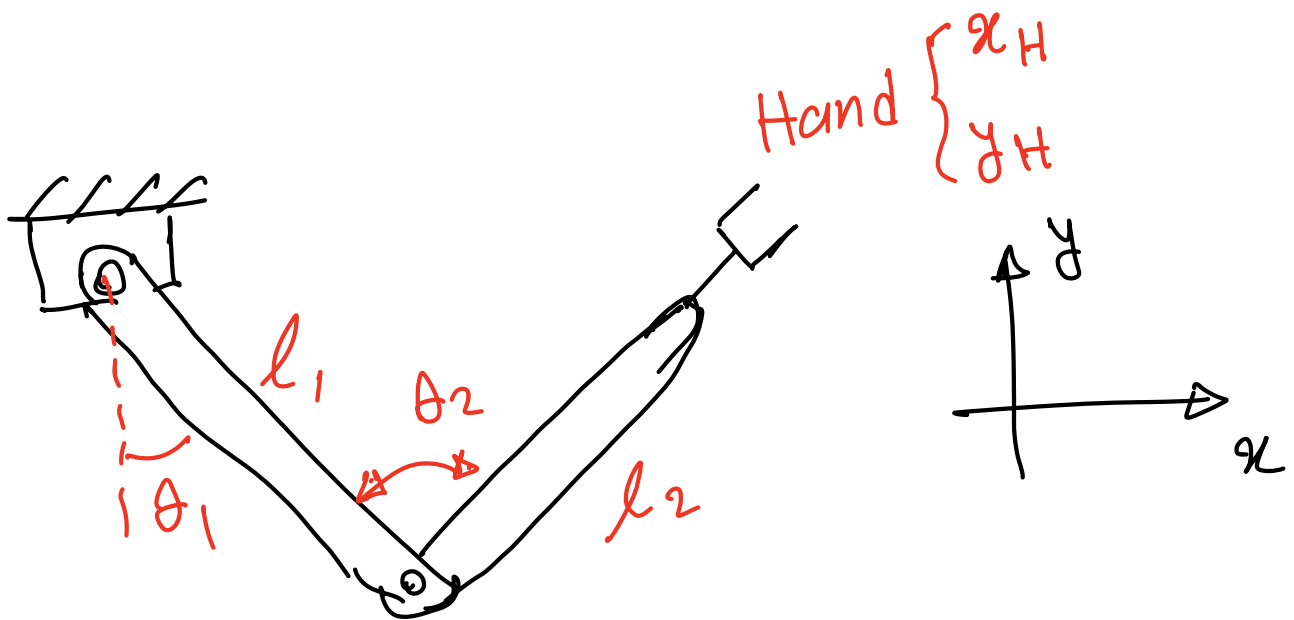
$$\sin(90^\circ) = 1$$

$$\cos(90^\circ) = 0$$

$$\sin 45^\circ = \cos 45^\circ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Example

Motivation example



1) Forward Kinematics

θ_1 and θ_2 are given

\Rightarrow Find the position of

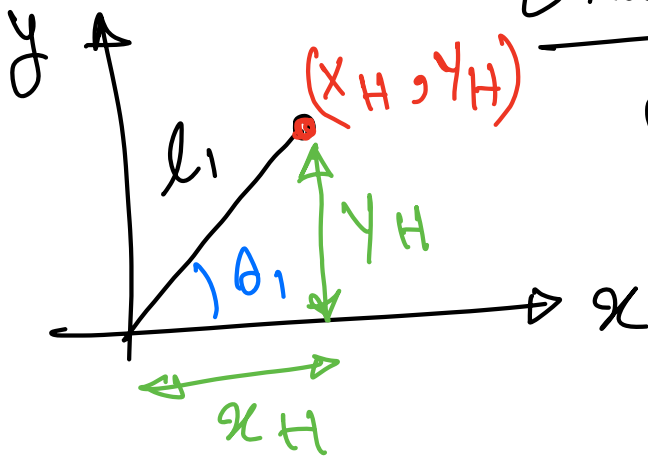
the hand (x_H, y_H)

2) Inverse kinematics

A desired (x_H, y_H) is given

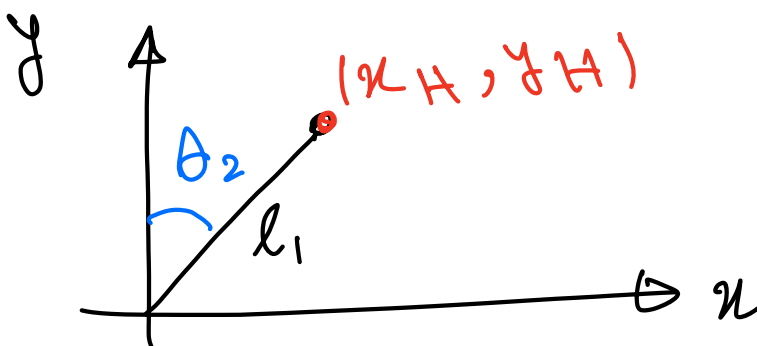
\Rightarrow Find θ_1 and θ_2

Example



Find x_H and y_H
if l_1 and θ_1
are given.

$$\begin{cases} x_H = l_1 \cos \theta_1 \\ y_H = l_1 \sin \theta_1 \end{cases}$$



$$\begin{cases} x_H = l_1 \sin \theta_2 \\ y_H = l_1 \cos \theta_2 \end{cases}$$

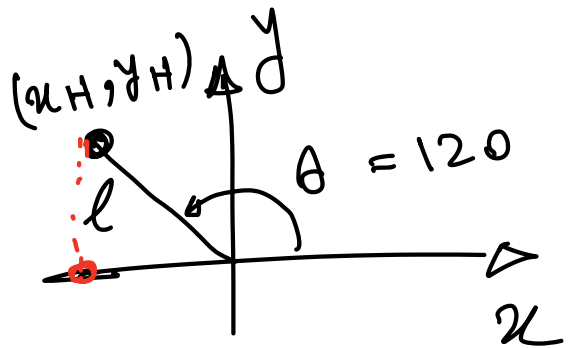
Example

$$l = 1 \text{ ft} \quad \theta = 120^\circ$$

Find x_H and y_H

$$x_H = l_1 \cos 120^\circ = -1/2$$

$$y_H = l_1 \sin 120^\circ = \sqrt{3}/2$$

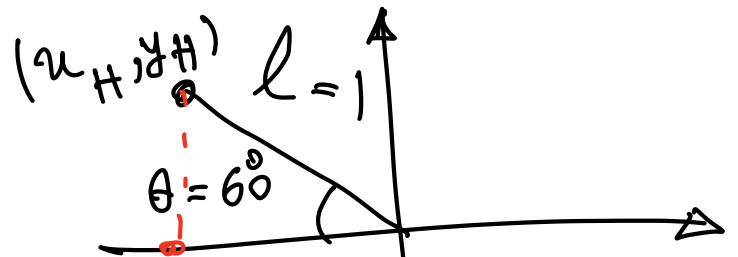


Example

Find x_H and y_H

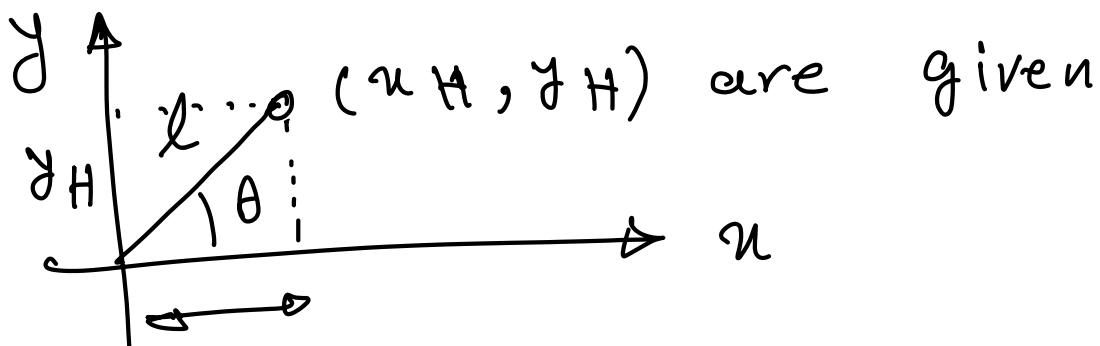
$$x_H = -l \cos \theta = -1 \cos 60^\circ = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$y_H = l \sin \theta = 1 \sin 60^\circ = \sqrt{3}/2$$



Example

Inverse kinematics



$$\begin{cases} x_H = 2 \text{ ft} \\ y_H = 3 \text{ ft} \end{cases}$$

Find θ

$$l = \sqrt{x_H^2 + y_H^2} = \sqrt{13} \text{ ft}$$

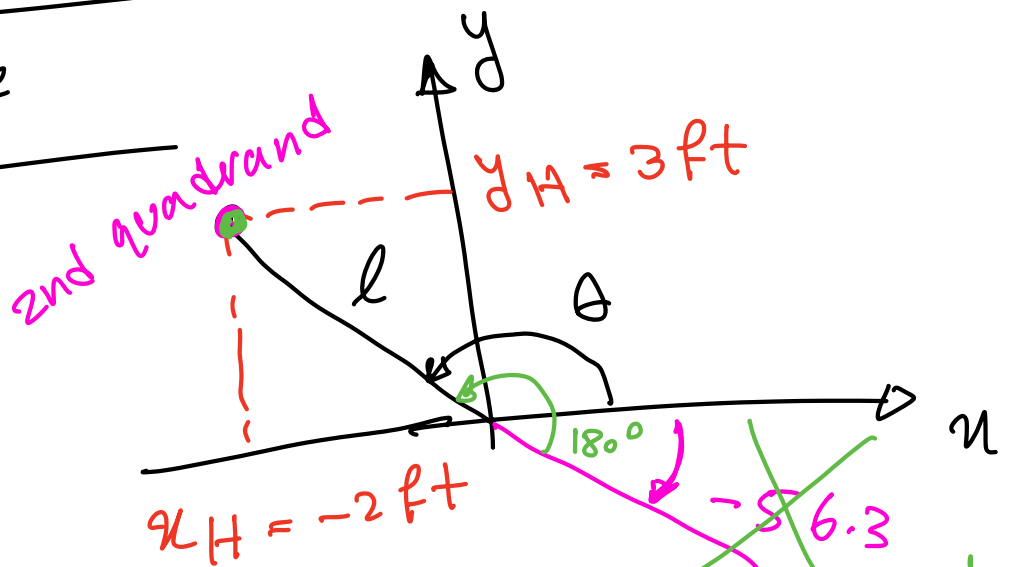
$$\begin{cases} x_H = l \cos \theta \\ y_H = l \sin \theta \end{cases} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} \cos \theta = 2/\sqrt{13} \\ \sin \theta = 3/\sqrt{13} \end{cases}$$

$$\theta = 0.98 \text{ rad} = 56.3^\circ$$

Example

$\theta = ?$



$$l = \sqrt{x_H^2 + y_H^2} = \sqrt{13} \text{ ft}$$

$$x_H = l \cos \theta$$

divide \Rightarrow

$$\tan \theta = \frac{3}{-2}$$

$$y_H = l \sin \theta$$

$\theta = ?$

$$\theta = -56.3^\circ ?$$

$$\theta = -56.3^\circ + 180^\circ = 123.7^\circ$$

